

PRESENT SIMPLE

1. USAGE (Verwendung)

PRESENT TENSE SIMPLE wird verwendet,

- wenn man von "Gesetzen" spricht bzw.

- wenn Handlungen regelmäßig/gewohnheitsmäßig wiederholt werden.

So genannte "Signalwörter" sind u.a. always, usually, often, sometimes, every Sunday, seldom, once/twice/three times a week.

2. STATEMENTS (Aussagesätze)

I sometimes **read** books in English.

I **know** that you **play** chess.

He (Tom) **watches** videos at least once a week.

She (Sally) usually **spends** her holidays in Greece.

It often **rains** in Salzburg.

We (Alexander and I) never **go** skating.

You **go** to school six times a week.

They **go** out on Fridays and Saturdays.

She is **always** late.

3. NEGATION (Verneinung)

I am not (= I'm not) keen on dancing.

She is not (She's not) very tall

I do not (don't) **read** books in Russian.

I know that you do not (don't) **play** ludo.

He does not (doesn't) **go** into the theatre.

She does not (doesn't) **play** chess.

We do not (don't) **go** skating.

You do not (don't) **go** to Salzburg, do you?

They do not (don't) **go** out on Mondays.

4. ASKING QUESTIONS (Fragen stellen)

Man braucht im Allgemeinen eine Form von **do** (d.h. **does** in der 3. P SG., ansonsten **do**) wenn das Prädikat ein Vollverb ist; nur bei der Frage nach dem Subjekt wird **do** bzw. **does** als „Hilfswort“ nicht gebraucht!

Who watches videos at least once a week? (**nur bei Fragen nach dem Subjekt!**)

What **does** Tom **watch** at least once a week?

Where **does** it often **rain**?

When **do** they usually **go** out?

Does he **watch** videos at least once a week? (= Entscheidungsfrage)

Verneinung in Entscheidungsfragen

Don't they **go** out on Fridays?

Do they **not go** out on Fridays?

Doesn't he **watch** the news?

Does he **not watch** the news?